

Spectral Responsivity of Single Layer Anti-Reflection Films on Silicon Photo Diodes and Solar Cells

by

Prof. M.G. Guvench

November 29, 2004

Reference: S.O. Kasap, "Optoelectronics and Photonics, Prentice-Hall, 2001

Air:	$n_1 := 1$	Substrate (Silicon):	$n_3 := 3.5$
Antireflective film:	$n_2 := 1.47$	Thickness:	$d := 100 \text{ nm}$
$r_{12} := \frac{n_1 - n_2}{n_1 + n_2}$	$r_{23} := \frac{n_2 - n_3}{n_2 + n_3}$	$r_1 := r_{12}$	$r_2 := r_{23}$
$R_1 := r_1^2$	$R_2 := r_2^2$		
$t_{12} := \frac{2 \cdot n_1}{n_1 + n_2}$	$t_{21} := \frac{2 \cdot n_2}{n_1 + n_2}$	$t_{23} := \frac{2 \cdot n_2}{n_2 + n_3}$	
$t_1 := t_{12}$	$t_2 := t_{21}$	$t_3 := t_{23}$	
$r_1 = -0.19$	$r_2 = -0.408$	$R_1 = 0.036$	$R_2 = 0.167$
$t_1 = 0.81$	$t_2 = 1.19$	$t_3 = 0.592$	$x := \frac{t_1 \cdot t_2}{1 - r_1 \cdot r_2}$
			$x^2 = 1.092$
			$y := \frac{t_1 \cdot t_2}{1 + r_1 \cdot r_2}$
			$y^2 = 0.8$

$$\Phi(\lambda_n) := \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{\lambda_n}$$

where λ

where λ_n is normalized wavelength wrt $(n_2) \cdot (d)$

Transmission:

$$t(\lambda_n) := \frac{t_1 \cdot t_3 \cdot \exp(-i \cdot \Phi(\lambda_n))}{1 + r_1 \cdot r_2 \cdot \exp(-2i \cdot \Phi(\lambda_n))}$$

$$T(\lambda_n) := (|t(\lambda_n)|)^2 \cdot n_3$$

$$\lambda_n := 0.25, 0.255 \dots 8$$

Reflection:

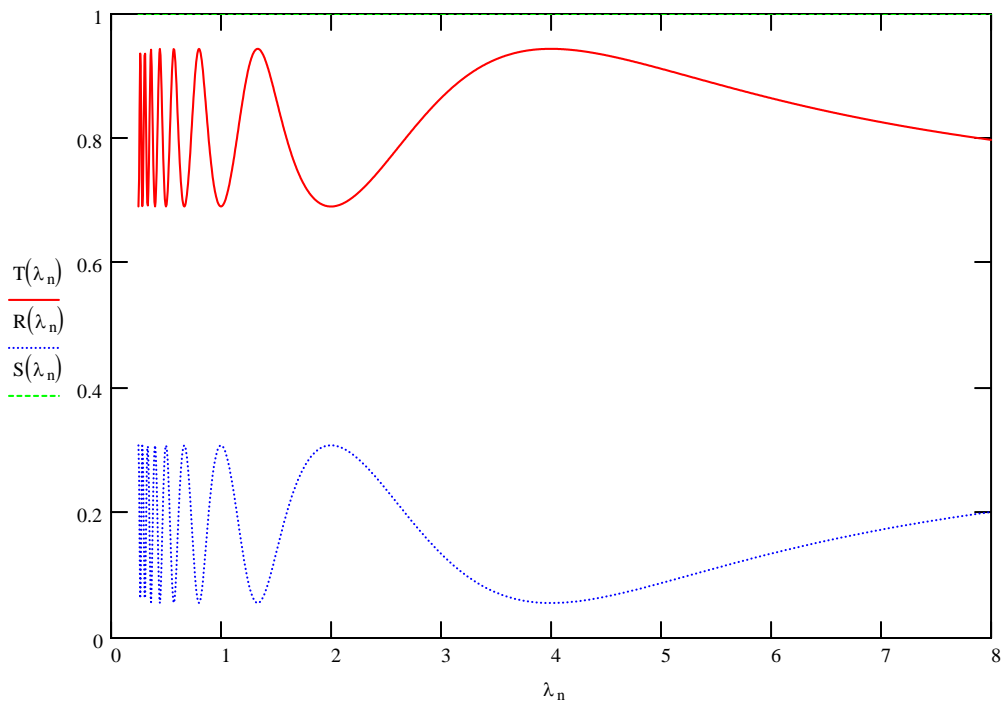
$$r(\lambda_n) := \frac{r_1 + r_2 \cdot \exp(-2i \cdot \Phi(\lambda_n))}{1 + r_1 \cdot r_2 \cdot \exp(-2i \cdot \Phi(\lambda_n))}$$

$$R(\lambda_n) := (|r(\lambda_n)|)^2$$

$$T_x(\lambda_n) := 1 - R(\lambda_n)$$

$$R_x(\lambda_n) := 1 - T(\lambda_n)$$

$$S(\lambda_n) := R(\lambda_n) + T(\lambda_n) \quad \text{Sum of R \& T}$$



$$T(2) = 0.691$$

$$R(2) = 0.309$$

$$S(2) = 1$$

$$T(4) = 0.944$$

$$R(4) = 0.056$$

$$S(4) = 1$$

